NQS NOT QUITE SHAKESPEARE

9 Short, Fun Plays In Globish-level English For ESL Conversation Classes



By David Hon

Not Quite Shakespeare

9 one-act plays by David Hon

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ISBN # 978-0-9842732-4-9



Seattle

The Plays in Not Quite Shakespeare

(Serious fun for serious students -- add humor at your own risk!)

Auditions for God (4 players) 5 Director of Church Festival Play must pay actors by the relative value of their role. God is paid the most, so all of the actors come to try out for the role of God. Finally, God himself auditions for the role of God. (He's not very good.) War Surplus (5 players) 20 The soldier is already dead. We learn about him but also that, along his path to a final resting place, there are many people with many other things on their minds. Walter and Merriam (2 players) 31 Walter and Merriam have a purely business relationship, until they find that -- in a strange way -- they have met before, and possibly have even been in love before. Gunfight (6 players) 42 This is set in the old West, but it is a modern story of mixed up affections like you might even find on daytime television. Holding Patterns (1 player) 51 When the boss tells her he is not to be contacted for anything, his administrative assistant discovers that she may have the world's problems in her hands. Airplane (8 players) 66 Written before the current happenings in air travel, this play deals with a simple insane Madman who has no political cause. Were those the good old days? Glass Houses (1 player) 81 A woman finds that her happiness with having everything clean, turns into a house which is closing in on her... Murder Mystery (6 players) 88 One after another of the players falls victim to the mysterious killer whom the last players discover just before they, too, die. The Mannequin (4 players) 102 Two window-dressers discover that sometimes models come alive in the middle of the night -- perhaps. (You can create any of these plays with plain chairs in an empty room.)

Appendix

The 1500 Globish-English Words -- and A Few Thoughts on How Limited Language Can Create More and Better Usage

History of the Plays

At This Stage of English.....

Most language teachers have discovered that the language they are teaching to students is either a series of meaningless exercises or a living situation created through language. People communicate with each other during situations, not exercises. Questions and answers do not make situations, and therefore the learning they offer is sometimes meaningless. Real language depends on people who understand the situation and then offer more language that changes the situation.

More than one writer has talked about Life as a stage where people are playing roles. The most language can be learned, in the most depth, and the most quickly, when the student plays a part in short dramas. The student who is preparing to play a role is preparing to use the language. The student who has been in a play – even in a careful reading – will come to real-life language situations with much less fear. After using language meaningfully in short dramas, he or she will look at language situations in life and say: (1) "I have heard these words before." (2) "I know where I am." (3) "I know what is happening." (4) "I know what I am expected to say." (5) "I know what the other person will probably say." And, (6) "I will know what has changed when we say what we say."

Years ago, these plays were first performed with English conversation classes in South America. Then, in the U.S., Contemporary Drama Service published them as a book called Rehearsals for Armageddon. Teachers use them because they require only small cast and nothing else but chairs for a "set." They were used not only by drama classes in English-speaking schools, but even in small theaters like the famous Second City group in Chicago. So... we know they "work" as theater.

Of course the excellent teacher will use this "play practice" to stress how a word is said by a student/actor. This will mean not only pronunciation, but "sentence stress" that gives the word its real meanings. The excellent teacher will use these plays to discuss why characters in the play are saying things, and in what ways. Pointing or waving with hands, moving to stage positions, smiling or looking sad -- all of these add meaning, all are part of "language."

So, besides being a fun way to interact with language, these plays will hopefully offer students much more. Plays have — in the past — been ways that people prepare for real situations. Both early hunters and current astronauts played roles ahead of time that would keep them alive later. In the case of students, they may learn timing. They may learn new words. They may learn a little grammar. Or a little pronunciation. But in these plays they will certainly learn language. The ease of using Globish-English should be clear. Its word range is limited to 1500 Globish words (plus variations), international words, and technical words like "audience" that come with the situation (— for more on this see Appendix). Students can learn to use language without always worrying about a new word coming in to surprise them. What we offer with each play will just be a few ideas, perhaps not even the best ideas. Those "best ideas" will probably come from you — and your students.

David Hon, 2010

Auditions for God

a one-act play by David Hon

Cast:

The Director

His Assistant (a teenage girl)

Paul Gross (an actor)

Windemere Fitch (an actress)

+ Voice offstage

Setting - Empty Theatre, Stage Area

Auditions For God is based on a real practice of the churches in Europe in the middle ages. The "good people" were paid more than the "bad people" - at least in the theater. But that's all the history and old ideas you will need to do this play. Whatever your culture, you can understand the problems between any organization and its artists.

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	AG -2
`	he Director is sitting in a Director's Chair. His Assistant sits beside with a omewhat smaller chair. She is quickly taking his notes.)
DIRECTOR:	(Looking back at an actor who has just departed) Lord, I hope that's nearly the end of them
ASSISTANT:	(Carefully writing) nearlythe end of
DIRECTOR:	No no Don't take that down.
ASSISTANT:	(Looking up) Oh oh I'm sorry.
DIRECTOR:	That's OK It's beginning to get to both of us. (Tired) How many has that been?
ASSISTANT:	(After quick count on board) One hundred and twenty-five.
DIRECTOR:	I told them When I took this job I told them it was a stupid way to pay actors And they said, with their noses in the air, that that was what the Church committee had decidedWell, this (Large gesture with arm) is what they get.
ASSISTANT:	It's no wonder, if God gets paid twice as much as any other part.
DIRECTOR:	Yeah, and it's just a walk-on And the really bad thing is their "sliding scale" I had enough people trying out for Jesus to get a good one. And Mary still gets paid enough so I had some selection there But I tell you You get down to Pontius Pilate and it's rough going Twenty-five cents a performance? That's terrible pay
ASSISTANT:	I guess the committee feels it's getting back at the bad people in the Bible
DIRECTOR:	And the role of the Devil
ASSISTANT:	(Looking through script) What a great role
DIRECTOR:	Yes Yes, best role in the play And I'm going to have to give it to my simple brother Harry who always wants to be an actor Because the Committee will

pay the Devil <u>nothing</u> ... No money at all ... I mean,

actors have to eat, too.

AG -4

you pray to stone images now" ...

... "Children of the Earth, you have forgotten me and

45

46 47 PAUL:

AG -5

WINDEMERE: That's fine, yes ...

DIRECTOR: Well, I hadn't thought of this ... I mean it is hard to think

 of God as a woman ...

ASSISTANT: It's not hard for me.

DIRECTOR: Or me either, really ... I wonder why I never thought of

God as a woman before? Well ... Here ... (Hands her

the sheet with lines) Say the top line please.

WINDY: (With Mona Lisa smile and a soft voice) And I said "Let there

be light"...

DIRECTOR: That's such a ... pleasant ... God. Try the "stone image" line.

WINDY: (Like a first-grade teacher to children) "Children of the

Earth, you have forgotten me and you pray to stone

images now" ...

DIRECTOR: (Interested) A woman God ...

Yes ... I'd be the God of Nature, see ... All-giving ... reasonable... good ... without any badness... I can't think of God as angry in any way ... No ... I see God ... well ... more like the mother of the universe.

DIRECTOR: (Thinking out loud) So that would mean that all things come from God ... and so all things ... are good?

WINDY: Why ... yes ... of course.

DIRECTOR: No matter what?

WINDY: No matter what ... (Smiles warmly) It's all good.

DIRECTOR: But do you see what that would do?

WINDY: What?

WINDY:

 DIRECTOR: Then there would be no evil ... (On edge of seat, voice

slightly raised) and no fighting ... (Rising, speaking down at Windy) and no problems ... (shouting) ... So there is No ... PLAY! ... My God woman ... With the God you're suggesting,

there would be no theater!

WINDY:	Aback, pointing to herself) I I didn't mean that	!
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DIRECTOR: (In total anger) You meant exactly that ... OUT! NO

PLAY? ... GET OUT!!!

WINDY: Someday men will realize ... (As she leaves)

DIRECTOR: Not a word more ... (Pointing) OUT! ... (Settling back into

his chair as she exits) A woman God... NEXT!

ASSISTANT: (Walking to Stage Right, looking into the side) There is no "next."

DIRECTOR: No "next" ... Ah ... So, now my decision ... You know,

every time there was a "next," I could put off my decision ... I hate this part ... You know, in truth, every director is looking for the actor who will make the decision for him ... Just walk in and "be" the part, understand? So that the director doesn't have to reason and guess and ... (Very sad, he hangs his head

down).

ASSISTANT: But they all made some kind of decision ... on how to

say the lines ...

DIRECTOR: They made the wrong ones ... I'm looking for someone

to make the right decision for me.

ASSISTANT: Could I make a suggestion? I think the woman ...

Windy ... had something there.

DIRECTOR: What?

ASSISTANT: But ... You were exactly right... There was no drama ...

Now I see God (Rises as she speaks) as a young girl...

much like myself ...

DIRECTOR: Are you trying for the part?

ASSISTANT: Well ... yeah ... OK.

DIRECTOR: Thank you... For a minute there I was

so worried... With no "next" ... and all those one hundred

and twenty-seven people out there waiting for my

AG-8

(Paul and Windy have crept onto the edges of the stage)

AG -11

46 VOICE: Stand still... 47

DIRECTOR:

43 44

45

All right... All right... then what do I do now? (Not believing)

1			AG -14
2			
3	DIRECTOR:	(Reading with difficulty) And I said, "Let-there-be-light"	
4		(Looks up at all the disappointed faces) "And-there-	
5		was-light" (Stops) Not so good, huh?	
6			
7	WINDY:	Well, listen let us help you perhaps you need to say	
8		it with a little more gentleness	
9			
10	(They all move arour	nd him)	
11			
12	PAUL:	And a little more authority	
13			
14	ASSISTANT:	And a little more	
15			
16	(Lights fade a	as they gather around, helping him with his lines)	
17			
18		END	

Directing Student Actors to "Project" Each Word

After each play we will talk about a different way to use plays to help Conversation Classes. Of course, much of what we say with each one will apply in great measure to all of the plays.

The nicest thing about being directed in a play is that you are being helped by someone who knows what he or she wants "the Play" to sound like...a director rather than a teacher. Directors work with just the words and sentences in the play. The teacher tries to fix everything about your general English usage. In working toward a Play, you are not given correction on your bad English, but you are instead helped to say the lines in this Play in a way that will help the play for the audience. Even if the "audience" is only the other classmates, the help you get is to be part of the Cast, part of a team of players. No member of the team will be perfect. This helps students to learn to say a lot of things -- without being afraid to fail.

Another thing about working with a play is that you learn to project your words so that 1000 people in the audience can understand you. This means that the director will give you little extras, such as ways to pronounce consonants so they don't get lost in the air. The good director will tell you not to just say God... but to put an extra syllable on it so that the "D" carries out over the audience. You will start by saying God-duh. It's like "follow-through" when kicking or throwing or hitting a ball... that extra little bit that makes the ball fly straight. Almost any time you "lose" the sound of a consonant at the end of a word, you can add that extra syllable — add-duh that--tuh whole-luh extra syllable for "follow-through"... and then pull it back a little. People will immediately think your pronunciation is wonderful. Holy men in English speaking churches want to be certain everyone hears them, and they will often say God-duh. Many times.

Another interesting point: The English language used to have that kind of ending on many words. That is one reason it has those silent "e"s now. If you listen to someone reading Middle English (a fun experience) you will hear those extra syllables on words where there are none now. And God-duh is always right there with them.

Floor Plan and Production Notes

Actors exit and return	X Director	Actors first enter	
	X Assistant	Χ	
	·		
	(Audience)		

The Director is clearly important, because he must change from a mean person into a gentle leader.... No small job for any of us. A sound system is not necessary for the voice of God. Any strong voice offstage will do, because when God comes into the Director's body, he also has the Director's voice, etc., and so don't worry about recording the Director's second voice. It is his change, and final manner, which will make the ending successful. Also, a well-timed "freeze" of five seconds can serve as "lights up" and "lights down". This will be useful in classrooms or other stages where you cannot control the lights very well.

History of the Plays

These plays began in David Hon's English Conversation Classes in Manizales, Colombia, many long years ago. They were picked up by a U.S. play publisher shortly after Hon returned to the U.S. This book of plays, **Not Quite Shakespeare**, is now drawn from two former books of plays, **Rehearsals For Armageddon I** and 2 published and managed by Contemporary Drama Service of Downers Grove, Chicago.

The plays were performed professionally several times over the years, most notably by *The Second City* group in Chicago and by *Dudley Riggs Theater* in Minneapolis. Later, they were rediscovered and became ideal for directors classes in drama schools where their basic design -- stressing small casts and blank stages -- made them useful for another several years.

Mr. Hon has an MA in English and is both TESOL and BE Certified. He received rights back to offer these plays this year. He now hopes to make them helpful again -- as they began -- with English Conversation Classes. This occurred at the same time that *Globish The World Over* -- a book written IN Globish by Hon and Nerrière -- was published in e-book form and in paperbound at Amazon.com (- also being translated into 10 languages). More on Globish at: